

1. See the following sketch. Calculate  $p_{c,ow}$  and  $p_{c,go}$  in dynes/cm<sup>2</sup> at points A and B if  $h_1 = 800$  cm,  $h_2 = 1000$  cm,  $\rho_w = 1.05$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>,  $\rho_o = 0.8$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>, and  $\rho_g = 0.15$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>.

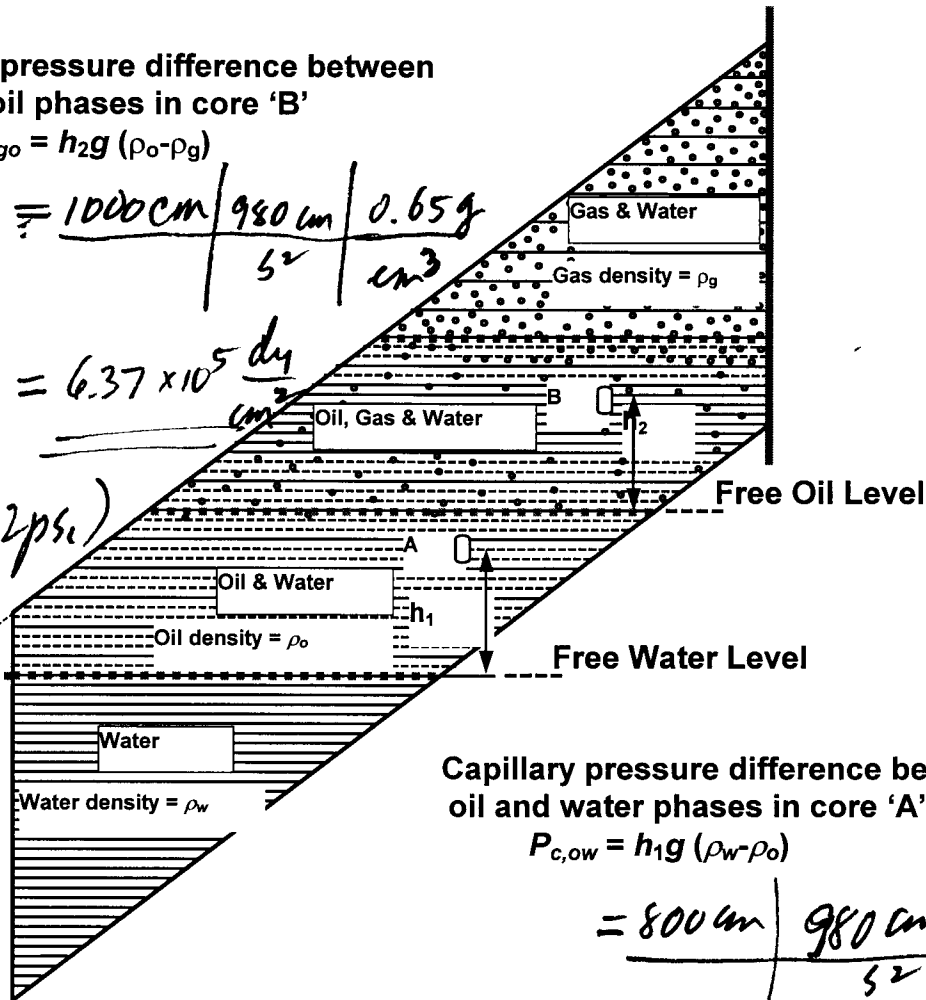
Capillary pressure difference between gas and oil phases in core 'B'

$$P_{c,go} = h_2 g (\rho_o - \rho_g)$$

$$= \frac{1000 \text{ cm}}{980 \text{ cm}} \times \frac{0.65 \text{ g}}{\text{cm}^3}$$

$$= 6.37 \times 10^5 \frac{\text{dy}}{\text{cm}^2}$$

(9.2 psi)



Capillary pressure difference between oil and water phases in core 'A'

$$P_{c,ow} = h_1 g (\rho_w - \rho_o)$$

$$= \frac{800 \text{ cm}}{980 \text{ cm}} \times \frac{0.25 \text{ g}}{\text{cm}^3}$$

$$= 1.96 \times 10^5 \frac{\text{dy}}{\text{cm}^2} \quad (2.8 \text{ psi})$$

2. Name three factors that affect the capillary pressure vs saturation relationship.

- permeability
- pore size distribution (sorting)
- fluid pairs
- saturation history