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# A basic model of calcium homeostasis in non-excitable cells

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## Supporting Information S7 Program

### Calculations leading to Figs 10-12

#### Description of Fig 10 calculations

The folder **fig10** contains the subfolders **gnuplot-fig10A** and **fortran-fig10B**.

The folder **gnuplot-fig10A** contains the following files:

i) **I\_SOCC\_vs\_Ca\_lum\_Luik\_et\_al.txt**: This file contains the extracted data of Figure 1c from Ref. [1] in TEXT format. The extraction was done using the program **GraphClick**, <https://macdownload.informer.com/graphclick/>

ii) **graph\_Luik\_vSOCC.pl**: This is a Perl script, which calls gnuplot and fits Eq 14 to the data in file **I\_SOCC\_vs\_Ca\_lum\_Luik\_et\_al.txt**. To execute the script direct the **Terminal** (Mac), or **Command Prompt** (Win) to the location of **graph\_Luik\_vSOCC.pl**, and write:

```
perl graph_Luik_vSOCC.pl
```

This creates the remaining two files:

iii) **graph\_jSOCC.pdf**, which is a pdf version of Fig 10A  
and

iv) **fit.log**, which contains, among other information, the number of iterations and the final set of parameters with Asymptotic Standard Errors.

The folder **fortran-fig10B** contains the following files:

**CAREG65a.f**: Fortran source file.

**careg65a**, **careg65a.exe**: precompiled binaries for Mac OSX and Windows.

**CAREG65a.INP**: input file.

**copy\_input.pl**: Perl script copying input file with run-id in name of copied file.

**graph\_jSOCC-Ca\_lum.pl**: Perl script to make graph using gnuplot.

**careg65a.sh**, **careg65a.cmd**: Mac and Win scripts to automate calculation.

**CAREG65a-19\_jSOCC-Ca\_lum.txt**: data file for plotting.

**CAREG65a-19\_jSOCC-Ca\_lum.pdf**: plot in pdf format.

**CAREG65a-19\_summary.txt**: Copy of output in Terminal or Command Prompt.

**libV77.a**: 64-bits library for Mac OSX.

**vms.lib**: 64-bits library for Windows.

**tmp**: temporary file for plot annotation.

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To automatically execute the precompiled binaries `careg65a` (Mac) or `careg65a.exe` (Win) and to make the plot of Fig 10B do the following:

Win: Write in Command Prompt window: `careg65a.cmd` and press RETURN.

Mac: Write in Terminal window: `./careg65a.sh` and press RETURN.

If you should get **Permission denied** when using a Mac, write in Terminal window:

```
chmod 755 careg65a
```

and

```
chmod 755 careg65a.sh.
```

This will give execution rights to the files `careg65a.sh` and `careg65a`.

During execution, the Terminal or the Command Prompt will show the content of the file `CAREG65a-19_summary.txt` as the calculation progresses, and will finally show the plot `CAREG65a-19_jSOCC-Ca_lum.pdf`.

The 64-bits binaries were created with **Absoft Pro Fortran** compilers for Mac OSX and Windows, by using the commands:

```
for Mac: f77 -o careg65a -m64 -O2 CAREG65a.f libV77.a
```

```
for Win: f77 -o careg65a -m64 -O2 CAREG65a.f vms.lib
```

What the program does:

By using Eq 17 and varying  $k_{20}$  ( $k_{21}=1.0 \mu\text{M/s}$ ) the program starts with a  $Ca_{lum}$  steady state concentration of  $500 \mu\text{M}$  and successively decreases the steady state concentration by  $20 \mu\text{M}$  by step-wise reducing  $k_{20}$ . The cooperativity  $n$  (see Eqs 28 and 29 in S1 Text; Fortran variable `COOP` in `CAREG65a.f`) starts with  $n=1.3$  and decreases by  $0.0208$  for each  $20 \mu\text{M}$  reduction in the  $Ca_{lum}$  steady state concentration. For each changed  $Ca_{lum}$  steady state concentration and  $n$  the program calculates  $j_{SOCC}$  after a certain time. This time starts with  $1 \times 10^4$  s for  $n=1.3$  and  $Ca_{lum,ss}=500 \mu\text{M}$  and increases by  $1 \times 10^4$  s for each reduction in  $Ca_{lum,ss}$  and  $n$  (see `CAREG65a-19_summary.txt`). Other parameter values are given in the input file `CAREG65a.INP`.

### Description of Fig 11 calculations

The folder `fig11` contains the following files:

`CAREG65.f`: Fortran source file.

`careg65`, `careg65.exe`: precompiled binaries for Mac OSX and Windows.

`CAREG65.INP`: input file.

`CAREG65-112.INP`: copy of input file with run-id in file name.

`copy_input.pl`: Perl script copying input file with run-id in file name.

`graph_jSOCC.pl`: Perl script to make graph using gnuplot.

`graph_Ca_ER.pl`: Perl script to make graph using gnuplot.

`careg65.sh`, `careg65.cmd`: Mac and Win scripts to automate calculation.

`CAREG65-112.txt`: data file for plotting  $Ca_{ER}$ .

`CAREG65-112_fluxes.txt`: data file for plotting  $j_{SOCC}$ .

`CAREG65-112_jSOCC.pdf`: plot in pdf format.

`CAREG65-112_Ca_ER.pdf`: plot in pdf format.

`CAREG65-112_summary.txt`: copy of Terminal or Command Prompt output.

`libV77.a`: 64-bits library for Mac OSX.

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`vms.lib`: 64-bits library for Windows.  
`tmp`: temporary file used for plot title/annotation.

The 64-bits binaries were created with **Absoft Pro Fortran** compilers for Mac OSX and Windows, by using the commands:

for Mac: `f77 -o careg65 -m64 -O2 CAREG65.f libV77.a`  
for Win: `f77 -o careg65 -m64 -O2 CAREG65.f vms.lib`

To automatically execute the precompiled binaries `careg65` (Mac) or `careg65.exe` (Win) and to make the plots in Fig 11 do the following:

Win: Write in Command Prompt window: `careg65.cmd` and press RETURN.

Mac: Write in Terminal window: `./careg65.sh` and press RETURN.

If you should get **Permission denied** when using `careg65.sh`, write in Terminal window:

```
chmod 755 careg65
```

and

```
chmod 755 careg65.sh.
```

This will give execution rights to the files `careg65.sh` and `careg65`.

In case you wish to use another plotting program the locations of the plot data are:

File `CAREG65-112.txt`:

column 1: time (s)

column 34:  $Ca_{ER}$  ( $\mu$ M)

File `CAREG65-112_fluxes.txt`:

column 1: time (s)

column 16:  $j_{SOCC}$  ( $\mu$ M/s)

### Description of Fig 12 calculations

The folder `fig12` contains the following files:

`CAREG65.f`: Fortran source file.

`careg65`, `careg65.exe`: precompiled binaries for Mac OSX and Windows.

`CAREG65.INP`: input file.

`CAREG65-173.INP`: copy of input file with run-id in file name.

`copy_input.pl`: Perl script copying input file with run-id in file name.

`graph_jSOCC.pl`: Perl script to make graph using gnuplot.

`graph_jPMCA.pl`: Perl script to make graph using gnuplot.

`graph_NCX.pl`: Perl script to make graph using gnuplot.

`graph_Ca_cyt.pl`: Perl script to make graph using gnuplot.

`CAREG65-173_jSOCC.pdf`: plot in pdf format.

`CAREG65-173_jPMCA.pdf`: plot in pdf format.

`CAREG65-173_NCX.pdf`: plot in pdf format.

`CAREG65-173_Ca_cyt.pdf`: plot in pdf format.

`careg65.sh`, `careg65.cmd`: Mac and Win scripts to automate calculation.

`CAREG65-173.txt`: data file for plotting concentrations.

`CAREG65-173_fluxes.txt`: data file for plotting fluxes.

`CAREG65-173_summary.txt`: copy of Terminal or Command Prompt output.

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`libV77.a`: 64-bits library for Mac OSX.  
`vms.lib`: 64-bits library for Windows.  
`tmp`: temporary file used for plot title/annotation.

The 64-bits binaries were created with **Absoft Pro Fortran** compilers for Mac OSX and Windows, by using the commands:

for Mac: `f77 -o careg65 -m64 -O2 CAREG65.f libV77.a`  
for Win: `f77 -o careg65 -m64 -O2 CAREG65.f vms.lib`

To automatically execute the precompiled binaries `careg65` (Mac) or `careg65.exe` (Win) and to make the plots in Fig 11 do the following:

Win: Write in Command Prompt window: `careg65.cmd` and press RETURN.  
Mac: Write in Terminal window: `./careg65.sh` and press RETURN.

If you should get **Permission denied** when using `careg65.sh`, write in Terminal window:

```
chmod 755 careg65
```

and

```
chmod 755 careg65.sh.
```

This will give execution rights to the files `careg65.sh` and `careg65`.

In case you wish to use another plotting program the locations of the plot data are:

File `CAREG65-173.txt`:

column 1: time (s)  
column 2:  $C_{a_{cyt}}$  ( $\mu\text{M}$ )  
column 10:  $C_{a_{cyt, set}}$  (PMCA) ( $\mu\text{M}$ )  
column 35:  $C_{a_{cyt, set}}$  (NCX) ( $\mu\text{M}$ )

File `CAREG65-173_fluxes.txt`:

column 1: time (s)  
column 4:  $j_{PMCA}$  ( $\mu\text{M/s}$ )  
column 14:  $j_{NCX}$  ( $\mu\text{M/s}$ )  
column 16:  $j_{SOCC}$  ( $\mu\text{M/s}$ )

## References

1. Luik RM, Wang B, Prakriya M, Wu MM, Lewis RS. Oligomerization of STIM1 couples ER calcium depletion to CRAC channel activation. *Nature*. 2008;454(7203):538–542.